History A comparison between the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to National and international achievement: Case study of Florence Nightingale, Mary Seacole and/or Edith Cavel Key Questions: How did the actions of Florence Nightingale compare to Mary Seacole/Edith Cavel, and how did they impact the Britain we live in today?	DT Children will design and create a home/feeding table suited to a habitat. Key Questions: How has your outcome met the design criteria? Is it durable?
How do we look after people in difficulty what are the similarities and differences between then and now? Key Questions · What influence has Florence Nightingale/Mary Seacole/Edith Clavell had on the health system today? · How do we know about these achievements? · What can we learn from these primary sources (photos/painting/writing) Are these helpful? · Who has had the greater impact on our world today? · Who/what was significant in the health system then compared to now? · What differences can you notice in the working conditions? · Why do you think these people were and are still today significant? · Where is Mary Seacole, Florence Nightingale and Edith Cavell Placed on the global class timeline? Vocabulary: chronology source influence impact national international military Red Cross health system (NHS) hospital, war, before, after, long ago, months, years	What is a habitat? What animals are in our local environment? What would be useful to make- what did they need? What resources, materials would we need? Vocabulary: Habitat, structure, stable, durable weatherproof, rigid, stiffen, construct, evaluate, product
Geography Importance of Rivers Children will be able to explain and compare the physical features of rivers and the human impact of rives. They will be able to explain and compare the economic and environmental factors for each river. Key questions: Why are these rivers important? (Nile and Thames) How have they impacted on human settlement? Vocabulary: Globe, mouth, source, farming, vegetation, delta, settlements, pollution, transportation, enviro	MFL School level
Art Impressionism Children will be introduced to Monet and other impressionist artists and complete study of water and how this is depicted in paintings by Monet and Renoir linked to topic on River Thames (to support contrast of Thames/ Nile in following term). Key Questions:	Physical Education 1 School level Physical Education 2 School level
G G	Children will be able to explain and compare the physical features of rivers and the human impact of rives. They will be able to explain and compare the economic and environmental factors for each river. Key questions: Why are these rivers important? (Nile and Thames) How have they impacted on human settlement? Vocabulary: lobe, mouth, source, farming, vegetation, delta, settlements, pollution, transportation, environent, Egypt Art Impressionism Children will be introduced to Monet and other impressionist artists and complete study of water and how this is depicted in paintings by Monet and Renoir linked to topic on River Thames (to support contrast of Thames/ Nile in following term).

Melody/Use of Voice

Performing songs expressively.
Using more complex lyrics
and melodies. Instrument
families – name and identify
Composers and Genres.

Key questions

What do the words mean? What is the story in the song? What is the song about?

Vocabulary:

Song Word Verse Chorus Warm-up

Composition and Improvisation

To define composition. To create a short musical idea (motif). To understand what an ostinato is. To create a basic ostinato.

Key questions

What is an ostinato? What is pitch?
What pitch would you use for ...(a
mouse etc) ? What does
composition mean?

Vocabulary:

Motif Ostinato Melody Pitch Composition Piano Mezzo forte Forte Fortissimo

Living things and their Habitats

Science Knowledge:

Children will explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive/identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited/describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other /identifies and names a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats Describes how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food

Key Science Skills:

Ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways /Observe closely using simple equipment/Perform simple tests / Identifying and classifying / Use observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions /Gather and record data to help in answering questions

Key Questions:

Why do animals live where they live?

Vocabulary:

dead, alive, offspring, habitat, damp, shelter, suitable